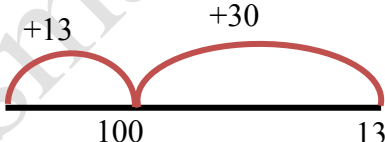
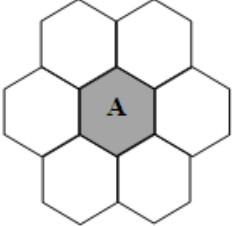
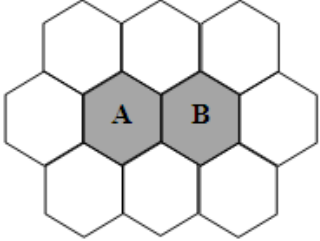
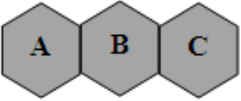
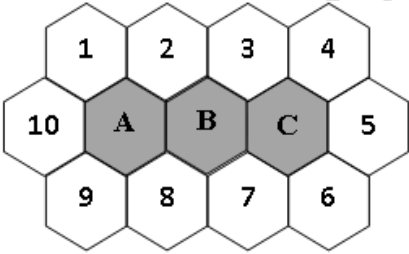
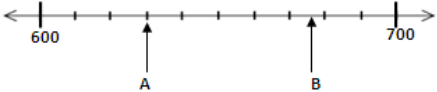
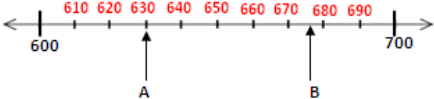
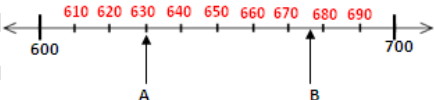


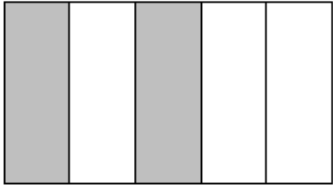
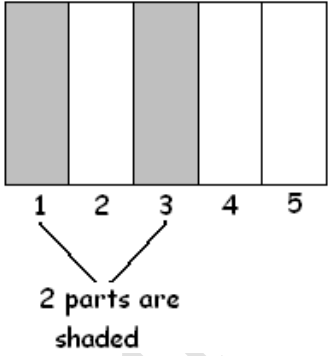
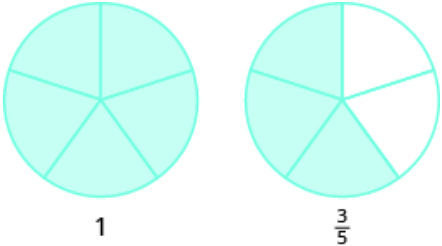
NATIONAL TEST 2014
Mathematics – Standard III

No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>								
1.	<p>How many tens are there in 170?</p> <p>Answer: 7 tens</p>	<table border="1" data-bbox="768 541 1312 632"> <thead> <tr> <th>Hundreds</th> <th>Tens</th> <th>Ones</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>7</td> <td>0</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>7 tens</p>	Hundreds	Tens	Ones	1	7	0			
Hundreds	Tens	Ones									
1	7	0									
2.	<p>What is the missing number in the sentence below?</p> <p>$87 + \square = 130$</p> <p>Answer: 43</p>	<p>We count up from 87 to 130.</p> <p>$13 + 30 = 43$</p> 									
3.	<p>Round 2 344 to the nearest hundred.</p> <p>Answer: 2300</p>	<table border="1" data-bbox="768 1171 1312 1262"> <thead> <tr> <th>Th</th> <th>Hundreds</th> <th>Tens</th> <th>Ones</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>4</td> <td>4</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Our decision to round up or down depends on the value of the digit to the immediate right of the hundreds digit which is the tens digit.</p> <p>If this digit is 5 or more, we round up and if it is less than 5 we round down.</p> <p>Since 4 is less than 5, we round down, so 2344 is rounded to 2300 when expressed to the nearest hundred.</p>	Th	Hundreds	Tens	Ones	2	3	4	4	
Th	Hundreds	Tens	Ones								
2	3	4	4								

No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>
4.	<p>Circle the numbers that have a sum of 789.</p> <p>(a) 700, 89, 9 (b) 700, 800, 9 (c) 70, 80, 9 (d) 700, 79, 10</p> <p>Answer: 700, 79, 10</p>	<p>We check all options to determine which one has a sum of 789.</p> <p>(a) $700 + 89 + 9 = 789 + 9$ $= 798$ Clearly this not equal to 789.</p> <p>(b) $700 + 800 + 9 = 1500 + 9$ $= 1509$ Clearly this is not equal to 789</p> <p>(c) $70 + 80 + 9 = 150 + 9 = 159$ Clearly this is not equal to 789</p> <p>(d) $700 + 79 + 10 = 779 + 10$ $= 789$ We now conclude that (d) is the correct answer</p>	

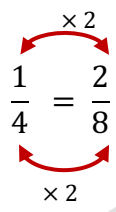
No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>
5.	<p>There are 6 honeycomb cells around cell A.</p>  <p>There are 8 honeycomb cells around cells A and B together.</p>  <p>How many honeycomb cells would there be around cells A, B and C?</p>  <p>Answer: 10 honeycomb cells</p>	<p>Cell A has 6 cells around it. Cell B has $6 + 2 = 8$ cells around it. So Cell C should have $8 + 2 = 10$ cells around it. We verify by drawing</p>  <p>There are 10 honeycomb cells around the cells A, B and C.</p>	

No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>
6.	<p>Fill in the blanks.</p>  <p>a. The exact value of A is --- Answer 630.</p> <p>b. The approximate value of B is ---- Answer 677.</p>	<p>a. From 600 to 700 there are nine equally spaced marks. These are at intervals of 10.</p>  <p>The exact value of mark A is 630.</p> <p>b.</p>  <p>The mark B appears to be a little more than half way between 670 and 680. The value of B is a little over 675 and could be about 676, 677 or 678.</p> <p>We may choose any of these.</p>	

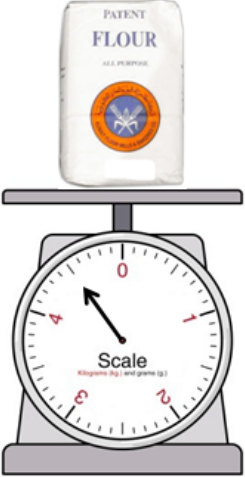
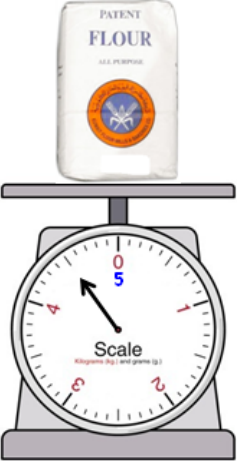
No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>
7.	<p>The shape below represents ONE whole. It is divided into equal parts.</p>  <p>a. What fraction of the shape is shaded?</p> <p>Answer: $\frac{2}{5}$</p> <p>b. Write $\frac{8}{5}$ as a mixed number.</p> <p>Answer: $1\frac{3}{5}$</p>	<p>a.</p>  <p>There are 5 equal parts. The fraction that is shaded</p> $= \frac{\text{No. of shaded parts}}{\text{Total no. of parts}}$ $= \frac{2}{5}$ <p>a. Writing $\frac{8}{5}$ as a mixed number.</p> <p>8 fifths = 5 fifths + 3 fifths = 1 whole + 3 fifths</p>  $\frac{8}{5} = \frac{5}{5} + \frac{3}{5} = 1\frac{3}{5}$	




No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>																																										
8.	<p>Akeem, Sean and Mary are playing a board game. Akeem has 126 points.</p> <p>a. Mary has 100 points less than Akeem. How many points does Mary have?</p> <p>Answer: 26</p> <p>b. Sean has 3 times as many points as Akeem. How many points does Sean have?</p> <p>Answer: 378 points</p>	<p>a. Akeem has 126 points. Mary has 100 points less than Akeem.</p> <p>Therefore, Mary has $126 - 100$ points.</p> $\begin{array}{r} 126 \\ -100 \\ \hline 26 \end{array}$ <p>b. Sean has 3 times as many points as Akeem.</p> <p>Therefore, Sean has 126×3 or $126 + 126 + 126$ points.</p> <table style="margin-left: auto; margin-right: auto;"> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">H</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">T</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">O</td> <td></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">H</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">T</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">O</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; color: red;">1</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"></td> <td></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px; color: red;">1</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">2</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">6</td> <td></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">2</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">6</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">2</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">6</td> <td></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">3</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">2</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">6</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">+</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">3</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">7</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">8</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">3</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">7</td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">8</td> <td></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"></td> <td style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;"></td> </tr> </table>	H	T	O		H	T	O		1				1		1	2	6		1	2	6	1	2	6				3	1	2	6	+	3	7	8	3	7	8					
H	T	O		H	T	O																																							
	1				1																																								
1	2	6		1	2	6																																							
1	2	6				3																																							
1	2	6	+	3	7	8																																							
3	7	8																																											

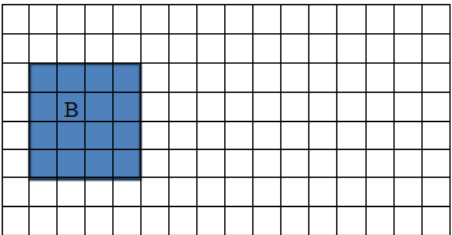
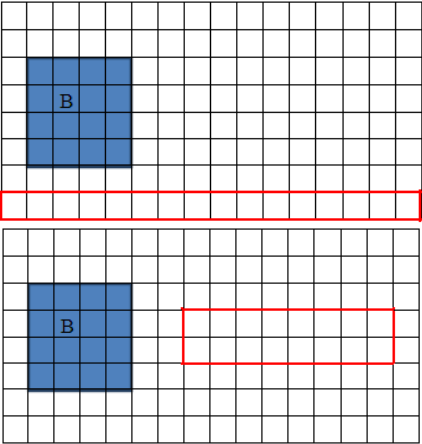
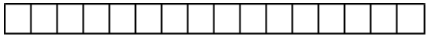

No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>												
9.	<p>Deo planted 192 corn plants in rows. Each row had 8 plants.</p> <p>How many rows of corn did he plant?</p> <p>Answer: 24 rows</p>	<p>Number of corn plants = 192 Number of plants in a row = 8</p> <p>Therefore, the number of rows will be the number of groups of 8 in 192. This will be $192 \div 8 = 24$</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="899 764 1182 886"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>H</th> <th>T</th> <th>O</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>1</td> <td>9</td> <td>32</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td>4</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>= 24 rows</p>		H	T	O	8	1	9	32			2	4	
	H	T	O												
8	1	9	32												
		2	4												

No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>				
10.	<p>Keith had a bag of oranges to sell. On Monday he sold $\frac{1}{4}$ of his oranges. On Tuesday he sold $\frac{3}{8}$ of his oranges.</p> <p>a. On which day did he sell more oranges?</p> <p>Answer: Tuesday</p> <p>b. What fraction of his oranges was sold on Monday and Tuesday?</p> <p>Answer: $\frac{5}{8}$</p>	<p>a. On Monday Keith sells $\frac{1}{4}$ of his oranges.</p> <div style="text-align: center;">  $\frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{8}$ </div> <p>On Tuesday Keith sells $\frac{3}{8}$ of his oranges.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="860 871 1307 1018"> <thead> <tr> <th>Monday</th> <th>Tuesday</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>$\frac{2}{8}$</td> <td>$\frac{3}{8}$</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>Since $\frac{3}{8}$ is more than $\frac{2}{8}$ or $\frac{1}{4}$, Keith sold more oranges on Tuesday.</p> <p>b. Fraction of oranges sold on</p> <p>Monday = $\frac{2}{8}$</p> <p>Fraction of oranges sold on</p> <p>Tuesday = $\frac{3}{8}$</p> <p>Fraction sold on Monday and Tuesday</p> $= \frac{2}{8} + \frac{3}{8} = \frac{5}{8}$	Monday	Tuesday	$\frac{2}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$	
Monday	Tuesday						
$\frac{2}{8}$	$\frac{3}{8}$						

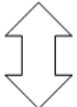



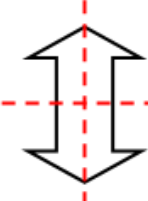


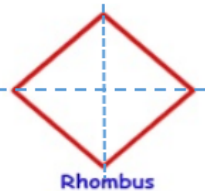
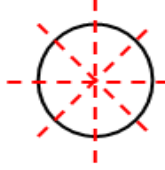
No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>
11.	<p>Tick (✓) the most suitable unit used to measure the distance from San Fernando to Port of Spain.</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Centimetre (cm) <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Kilometre (km) <input type="checkbox"/> Metre (m)</p>	<p>A centimetre is about the length of one finger nail. A metre is about the height of a desk. A kilometre is 1000 times the length of a metre. A kilometre is about the distance around a large playground.</p> <p>Therefore, the most suitable unit to measure the distance from San Fernando to Port of Spain is kilometres.</p>	
12.	<p>5 kilometres and 200 metres, expressed in metres is ---</p> <p>Answer: 5 200 metres.</p>	<p>If 1 kilometre = 1000 metres then 5 kilometres = 1000×5 = 5000 metres</p> <p>5 kilometres and 200 metres, expressed in metres</p> $ \begin{array}{r} = 5000 \\ + \quad 200 \\ \hline 5200 \end{array} $	

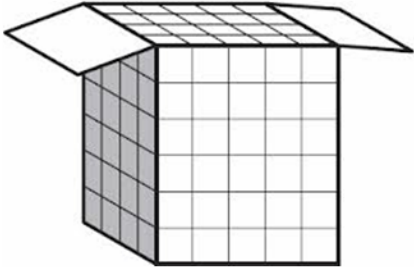
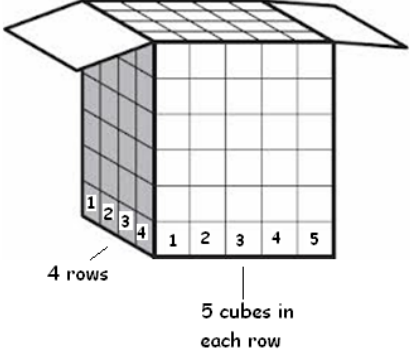
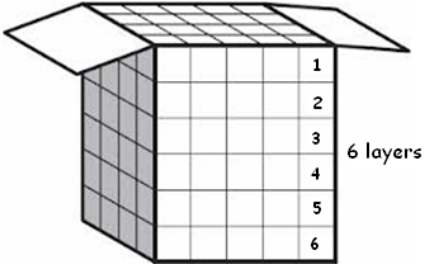
No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	Do Not Write Here
13.	<p>The scale shown below measures mass in kilograms.</p>  <p>The mass of the bag of flour is ---</p> <p>Answer is $4\frac{1}{2}$ kg.</p>	 <p>The pointer on the scale is pointing halfway between 4 and the next number. Though the next number after 4 is marked 0, it also represents 5.</p> <p>The mass of flour in the bag is therefore, $4\frac{1}{2}$ kg.</p>	

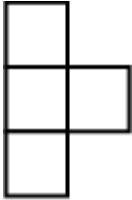
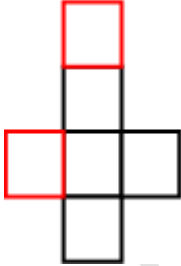
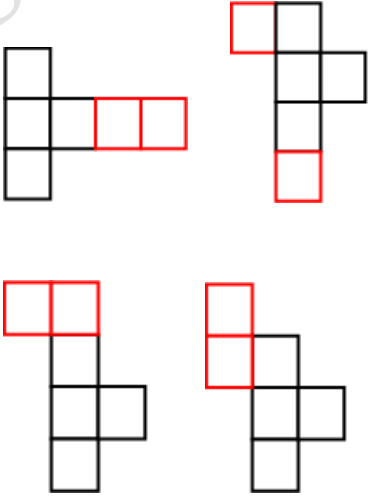
No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>
14.	<p>A cinema show started at the time shown below.</p>  <p>b. What time did the show start?</p> <p>Answer: 3 o'clock</p> <p>c. Patrick left home $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours before the show started. What time did he leave home?</p> <p>Answer: Half past one</p>	<p>a. Since the minute hand or longer hand of the clock points to 12, the time is an exact hour.</p>  <p>The shorter hand or hour hand points to 3.</p>  <p>The time is 3 o'clock which is the time that the show started.</p> <p>b. Counting backwards from 3 o'clock. One hour before 3 o'clock is 2 o'clock. $\frac{1}{2}$ hour before 2 o'clock is half past one. Therefore, $1\frac{1}{2}$ hours, before 3 o'clock is half past 1 or 1:30. Therefore, Patrick left home at half past one.</p>	

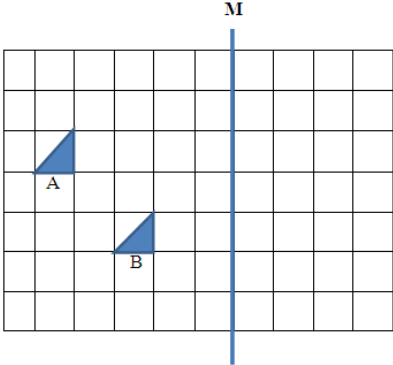
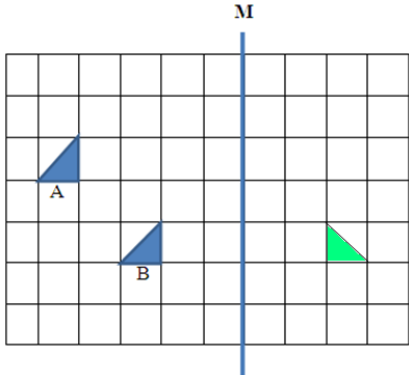
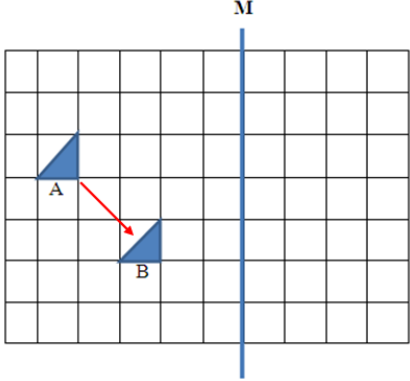
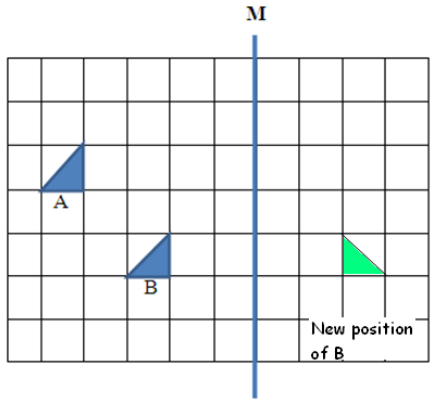
No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>
15.	<p>A square 'B' is drawn on the grid below.</p> <p>The grid is divided into unit squares.</p>  <p>a. Calculate the area of square 'B'.</p> <p>Answer: 16 square units</p> <p>b. Draw a rectangle on the grid that has the same area as square 'B'.</p> <p>Answer:</p> 	<p>a. In B there are 4 rows of 4 squares each. This totals $4 + 4 + 4 + 4$ or $4 \times 4 = 16$ squares. Each square is a square unit. Therefore, the area of square B is 16 square units.</p> <p>b. The area of the rectangle is also 16 square units. We may rearrange the squares of B to form a rectangle. This can be done as a single row of 16 squares</p>  <p>OR</p> <p>Two rows of 8 squares each</p> 	

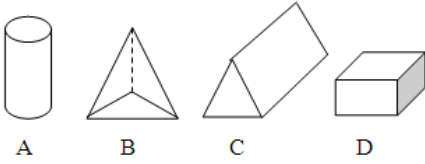
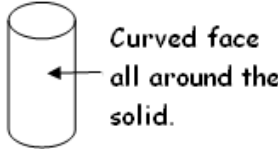
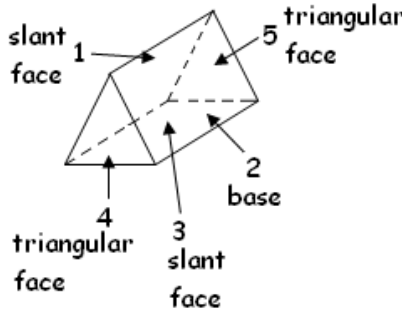
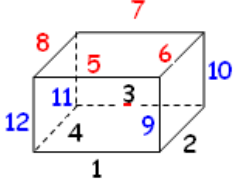
No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>												
16.	<p>Nicole and Patsy rented the same car from Econo Car Rentals.</p> <p>a. Nicole rented the car for 6 weeks at \$325 per week. How much did she pay to rent the car?</p> <p>Answer: \$1950</p> <p>b. Patsy rented the car for 2 weeks and paid \$670. Who paid less money per week?</p> <p>Answer: Nicole</p>	<p>b. The rent of the car per week is \$325. Rent paid by Nicole for all 6 weeks</p> $= \$325 \times 6$ $= (\$300 + \$25) \times 6$ $= \$300 \times 6 + \25×6 $= \$1\,800 + \150 $= \$1\,950$ <p>c. For 2 weeks, Patsy paid \$670. Therefore, cost per week for the rental of Patsy's car</p> $= \$670 \div 2$ $= \$335$ <table border="1" data-bbox="899 1150 1182 1272"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>H</th> <th>T</th> <th>O</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>6</td> <td>7</td> <td>10</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>3</td> <td>3</td> <td>5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>\$335 per week is paid by Patsy. \$325 per week is paid by Nicole. \$325 is less than \$335. Therefore, Nicole paid less money per week than Patsy.</p>		H	T	O	2	6	7	10		3	3	5	
	H	T	O												
2	6	7	10												
	3	3	5												

No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>
17.	<p>Which of the following shapes has only one line of symmetry?</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  A </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  B </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  C </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  D </div> </div> <p>Answer: B</p>	<p>Shape A has 2 lines of symmetry.</p>  <p>Shape B has 1 line of symmetry.</p>  <p>Shape C has 4 lines of symmetry if it is a square and 2 lines of symmetry if it is a rhombus.</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  Square </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  Rhombus </div> </div> <p>Shape D has many lines of symmetry.</p>  <p>Therefore, B is the only shape given with one line of symmetry.</p>	

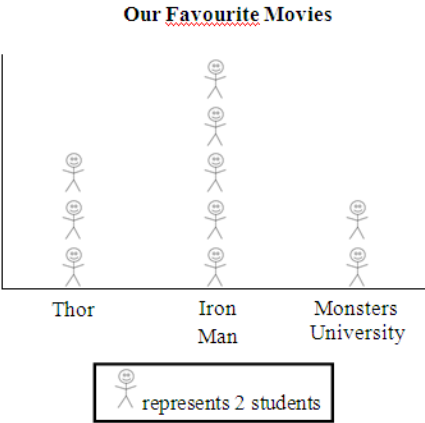
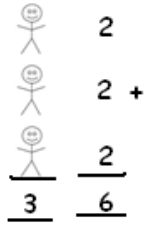
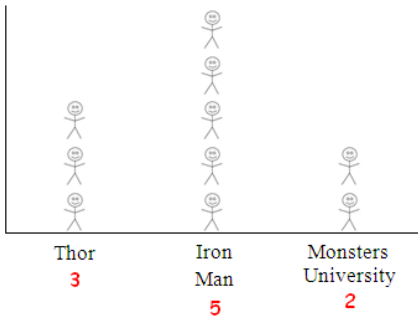
No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>
18.	<p>The box below is filled with cubes of the same size.</p>  <p>a. How many cubes were packed in the bottom layer of the box?</p> <p>Answer: 20 cubes</p> <p>b. How many cubes are needed to completely fill the box?</p> <p>Answer: 120 cubes</p>	<p>a. The bottom layer of the box has 4 rows with 5 cubes each.</p>  <p>The number of cubes in the bottom layer of the box is $5 \times 4 = 20$ cubes.</p> <p>b. Each layer of the box will have 20 cubes. We count the number of layers needed to fill the box as shown.</p>  <p>A full box has 6 layers of 20 cubes The number of cubes needed: $= 20 \times 6$ $= 120$ cubes</p>	

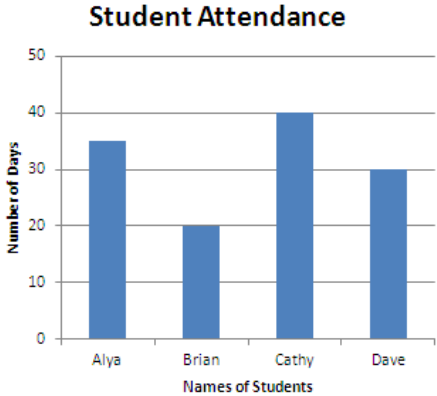
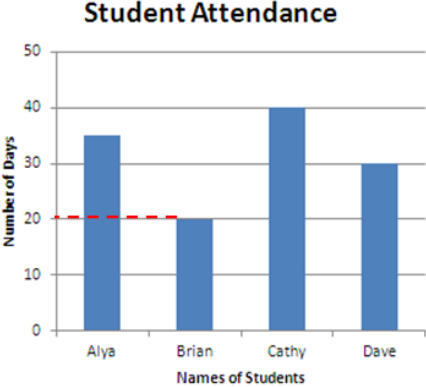
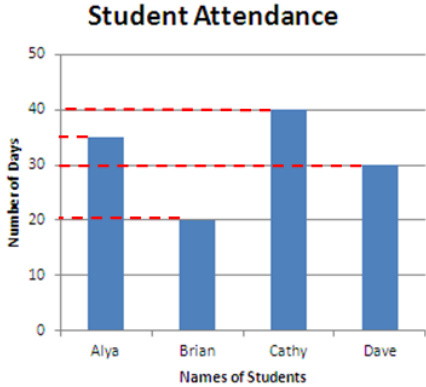
No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>
19.	<p>a. Name the shape that can be used to form a net of a cube.</p> <p>Answer: Squares</p> <p>b. Complete the diagram to show a net of a cube.</p>  <p>Answer:</p> 	<p>a. The faces of a cube are made up of squares.</p> <p>b. Six squares can be arranged to form the net of a cube. The incomplete shape has only 4 squares so we need to add 2 more squares.</p> <p>This can be done in many ways.</p> <p>Other possible nets include:</p> 	

No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	Do Not Write Here
20.	<p>On the grid of unit squares below Triangle A is moved to the position of Triangle B.</p>  <p>a. Circle the word which best describes the movement from A to B.</p> <p>Flip Slide Turn</p> <p>b. Triangle B is flipped about the line M. Draw the new position of Triangle B.</p> <p>Answer:</p> 	<p>a. In the movement, the triangle B has not turned or flipped. The movement from A to B is therefore a slide.</p>  <p>b. The new position of B is drawn below. The line M is a line of symmetry.</p> 	

No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	Do Not Write Here
21.	<p>Four solids labeled A, B, C and D are shown below.</p>  <p>A B C D</p> <p>a. Which of the solids has a curved face?</p> <p>Answer: A</p> <p>b. Which solid has five faces?</p> <p>Answer: C</p> <p>c. Which solid has twelve edges?</p> <p>Answer: D</p> <p>d. Which solid is NOT a prism?</p> <p>Answer: B</p>	<p>a. Shape A, the cylinder has a curved face.</p>  <p>b. Shape C, the triangular prism, has 5 faces, 3 rectangular faces and 2 triangular faces.</p>  <p>c. Shape D, the cuboid has 12 edges - 4 on the base, 4 upright and 4 at the top.</p> $4 + 4 + 4 = 12$  <p>d. A prism is a solid that has two opposite sides that are the same shape and size. Shapes A, C and D are prisms. B is NOT a prism - it is a triangular pyramid.</p>	

No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>																
22.	<p>The following are scores of students of Standard Three in a Mathematics Test:</p> <p>18, 16, 12, 16, 19, 20, 18, 17, 16, 14</p> <p>What is the mode?</p> <p>Answer: 16</p>	<p>Rewriting the scores in a table:</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="829 506 1248 915"> <thead> <tr> <th>Score</th> <th>Number of Times</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>12</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>14</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>16</td> <td>3</td> </tr> <tr> <td>17</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>18</td> <td>2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>19</td> <td>1</td> </tr> <tr> <td>20</td> <td>1</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>The score which occurs most often is 16. Therefore, the mode is 16.</p>	Score	Number of Times	12	1	14	1	16	3	17	1	18	2	19	1	20	1	
Score	Number of Times																		
12	1																		
14	1																		
16	3																		
17	1																		
18	2																		
19	1																		
20	1																		
23.	<p>The table below shows the shoe sizes of a class of Standard Three students.</p> <table border="1" data-bbox="293 1325 732 1535"> <thead> <tr> <th>Shoe Size</th> <th>Number of Students</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Size 4</td> <td>18</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size 5</td> <td>—</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size 6</td> <td>15</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Size 7</td> <td>2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>There are 50 students in the class. How many students wear Size 5?</p> <p>Answer: 15</p>	Shoe Size	Number of Students	Size 4	18	Size 5	—	Size 6	15	Size 7	2	<p>The total number of students in the class is 50.</p> <p>The number of students who wear sizes 4, 6 and 7 = $18 + 15 + 2 = 35$ 35 students do not wear size 5</p> <p>The number of students who wear size 5 shoes = Total number in the class - the number who do not wear size 5 = $50 - 35 = 15$</p>							
Shoe Size	Number of Students																		
Size 4	18																		
Size 5	—																		
Size 6	15																		
Size 7	2																		

No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>
24.	<p>The pictograph below shows the favourite movies of students in a class.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Our Favourite Movies</p>  <p> a. How many students chose Thor as their favourite movie? Answer: 6 </p> <p> b. How many students are in the class? Answer: 20 </p>	<p>a.</p>  <p>One picture represents 2 students. Three pictures will represent $3 \times 2 = 6$ students</p> <p>Therefore, the number of students who chose Thor as their favourite movie is 6.</p> <p>b.</p>  <p>The total number of pictures $= 3 + 5 + 2$ $= 10$ Number of students in class $= 2 \times 10$ $= 20$ students</p>	

No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>										
25.	<p>The bar graph below shows the number of days four students attended school for one term.</p>  <p>Student Attendance</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Student</th> <th>Number of Days</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Alya</td> <td>35</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Brian</td> <td>20</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cathy</td> <td>40</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Dave</td> <td>30</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>a. How many days did Brian attend school during the term?</p> <p>Answer: 20 days</p> <p>b. Which student attended school for five more days than Dave?</p> <p>Answer: Alya</p>	Student	Number of Days	Alya	35	Brian	20	Cathy	40	Dave	30	<p>a. The height of the bar representing Brian's attendance is 20.</p>  <p>Student Attendance</p> <p>Brian attended school for 20 days of the term.</p> <p>b.</p>  <p>Student Attendance</p> <p>Dave attended school for 30 days.</p> <p>5 more days will be $30 + 5 = 35$ days.</p> <p>Alya attended school for 35 days which is 5 more days than Dave.</p>	
Student	Number of Days												
Alya	35												
Brian	20												
Cathy	40												
Dave	30												

No.	TEST ITEMS	WORKING COLUMN	<i>Do Not Write Here</i>
	<p>c. If the teacher is giving an award for the best attendance. Which student would receive the award?</p> <p>Answer: Cathy</p> <p>d. If the number of school days in the term is 53, which student was absent for 23 days?</p> <p>Answer: Dave</p>	<p>c. The student with the best attendance would be the one who had the highest attendance. Cathy attended school for 40 days and this was the highest attendance in the group. Cathy would receive this award since she attended school more often than the rest of students.</p> <p>d. The number of school days in the term = 53 A student who is absent for 23 days would be present for = $53 - 23$ days = 30 days</p> <p>The student who attended school for 30 days is Dave.</p>	

END OF TEST